Failure of F.F.D. in image building abroad

7969. SHRI V. RAJESHWAR RAO:

DR. SHRIKANT RAMCHAN-DRA JICHKAR.

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AF-FAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that the External Publicity Division (EP Division) has ailed in its objective of both the long-term image building and the current topical publicity of India abroad;:

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor;

(c) what steps are being taken to explain and interpret India's foreign policy objectives;

(d) what are, in general, the qualifications of the person who man this Division; and

(c) whether Government would cbnsi-der appointing professional agencies to do this job?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI R. L. BHATIA): (a) There has been a perceptible improvement in India's international image in the media and amongst the public abroad. India's foreign and economic policies and specific initiatives in both areas have been well received. Political stability and the successful and orderly holding of Assembly Eletions have reinforced the generally accepted view of the strength, resilience and maturity of Indian democracy. The policy of transparency combined with new initiatives on Kashmir and human rights issues and their forceful projection abroad have contained Pakistan's high-pitched propaganda against India on these issues. There is today a greater appreciation of the realities in India and of India's policies than before.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) The Division has taken several new steps to explain, interpret and project India's foreign policy objectives. These included upgradation of our comnwnica-tions system with missions and posts abroad; use of modern publicity techniques and professional public relations, lobbying and advertising agencies; diversification and augmentation of channels of communication and mass media including projection through satellite television; broad basing of publicity by involvement of non-governmental and professional agencies, and promotion of Indian audio/ visual software.

(d) The External Publicity Division, is manned by senior officers from the Indian Foreign Service who have been selected by the UPSC through an all-India competitive examination.

(e) The External Publicity Division already employs professionals and professional agencies in the preparation and placement of its publicity materials. Such agencers are regularly used in the production *at* publications, documentary or video films, feature articles on various subjects, public relations activities and advertising and media strategy.

Official Spokesmen in Indian Missions

7970. SHRI PRAGADA KOTAIAH:

DR. SHRIKANT RAMCHAN-DRA JICHKAR:

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) how many official spokesmen of India are there in Indian missions abroad;

(b) whether Government are satisfied with their liaison with international media; and

(c) what steps are being taken to train these spokesmen; and to reorient them from time to time?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI R. L. BHATIA): (a) Head of MissionsjPosts as well as specially designated press and information officers in Indian missions act as official spokesmen of India-

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Information Officers undergo an attachment with the External Pub licity Division before taking up their assignments during the course of which they are briefed and oriented on all aspects of external publicity. These are supplemented by instruc tions from headquarters from time to time.

Transfer Procedure in Central Passport Organisation

7971. SHRI N. GIRI PRASAD: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any transfer procedure and norms for the employees and officers in the Central Pas-port Organisation; and

(b) if so, the details therof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI R. L. BHATIA): (a) and (b) Transfer of all the employees belonging to the Central Passport Organisation Cadre is governed by the guidelines drawn for the purpose which were framed in 1993. The main features of the transfer policy then framed are as follows:

(i) Group 'D' staff are not transferred without their consent.

(ii) UDCs and LDCs are transferable after a stay of 5 years at a station. Their transfers are based strictly on, the length of stay at station. Normally these officials are not transferred except, inter alia, on administrative and disciplinary grounds as laid down in the transfer policy.

(iii) Assistants are transferable after a tenure of 3 years at one station. Usually, Assistants are transferred only twice until their promotion to the next higher post of Superintendent.

(iv) Superintendent level-officers are transferable after a tenure of 3 years at one station.

(v) Officers upto the level of Superintendent are transferred within prescribed zones.

(vi) Officers of the rank of PROs. APOs are transferable anywhere in India. Their tenure at one station is usually for 3 years.

(vii) Officers who are within 2 years of their retirement may indicate a preference for a station. Such requests are accommodated as far as possible.

The transfer policy is revised from time to time keeping in view the functional requirements of the Central Passport Organisation as well as the interests of the CPO employees. The last revision of the transfer policy was carried out in 1993.

Casual Labourers Discharging Higher Responsibilities in the Central Passport Organisationt

7972. SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that approximately 500 casual labourers are employed in the Central Passport Organisation who discharge the duties of Lower Division Clerks, Upper Division Clerks and Assistants.

(b) if so, the number of such casual labourers presently working in the Central Passport Organisation and since when,

(c) whether the deployment of ca-suarlabour to discharge higher and regular responsibilities is against the policy of Government; and

(d) if so, what steps are being ta ken for regularisation of these ca sual labourers?